



# Fishmeal and fish oil for aquaculture feed

## - Nutritional quality

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# Introduction



Feed for aquaculture production must:

- Fulfil species specific nutrient requirements, incl. specific amino acids (AA) and fatty acids (FA)
- Well-balanced, to secure optimal performance, fish health, high product quality, and low environmental impact



## Fishmeal and fish oil



Fishmeal and Fish Oil workshop  
14 – 15 November 2018  
Axelborg - Copenhagen

# Fishmeal (FM) and Fish Oil (FO)



- Natural ingredients in diets for carnivorous fish and shrimps
- Provides required dietary nutrients (all life stages), i.e.
  - Amino acids (Protein building blocks)
  - Omega-3 fatty acids (EPA & DHA)
    - Cell membranes/brain development
    - Preventing cardiovascular disease
    - Improving immune defence
  - Cholesterol & phospholipids
  - Vitamins and minerals



# Fishmeal (FM) and Fish Oil (FO)



## Challenges:

- Limited availability
- Feed development using alternative protein ingredients
- Price competition
- Low Fishmeal feeds!

→ Less dependency on FM and FO for aquaculture feed

What then makes FM a  
unique high valued resource?  
Opportunities? – Strategic use!



# Organic aquaculture



Priority of sourcing of feed ingredients for organic aquaculture feed (EU reg.):

1. Organic feed products of aquaculture origin
2. Fishmeal & fish oil from organic aquaculture trimmings
3. Fishmeal & fish oil derived from trimmings of fish caught in sustainable fisheries
4. Organic feed material of plant origin (max. 60 %)
5. Fishmeal & fish oil derived from fish caught in certified sustainable fisheries (Amendment 2014).



# Sourcing of feed ingredients for organic aquaculture

## Challenges:

- Organic feed products of aquaculture origin and trimmings from organic aquaculture are only available in limited quantities
- Trimmings are not a well defined product, i.e. variation in protein (AA), lipid (FA), mineral content (high P)
- Trimmings can not be used in feed for the same species



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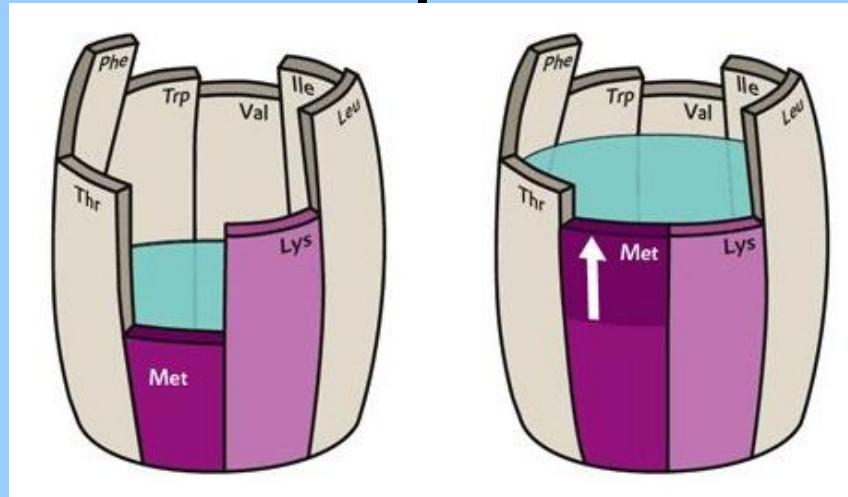
# Fishmeal replacement in organic aquaculture



→ Organic feed material of plant origin

**Challenge: Inadequate Amino Acid (AA) profile**

- First limiting AA determines performance
- Synthetic AA not allowed
- Anti-nutrients
- Environmental impact



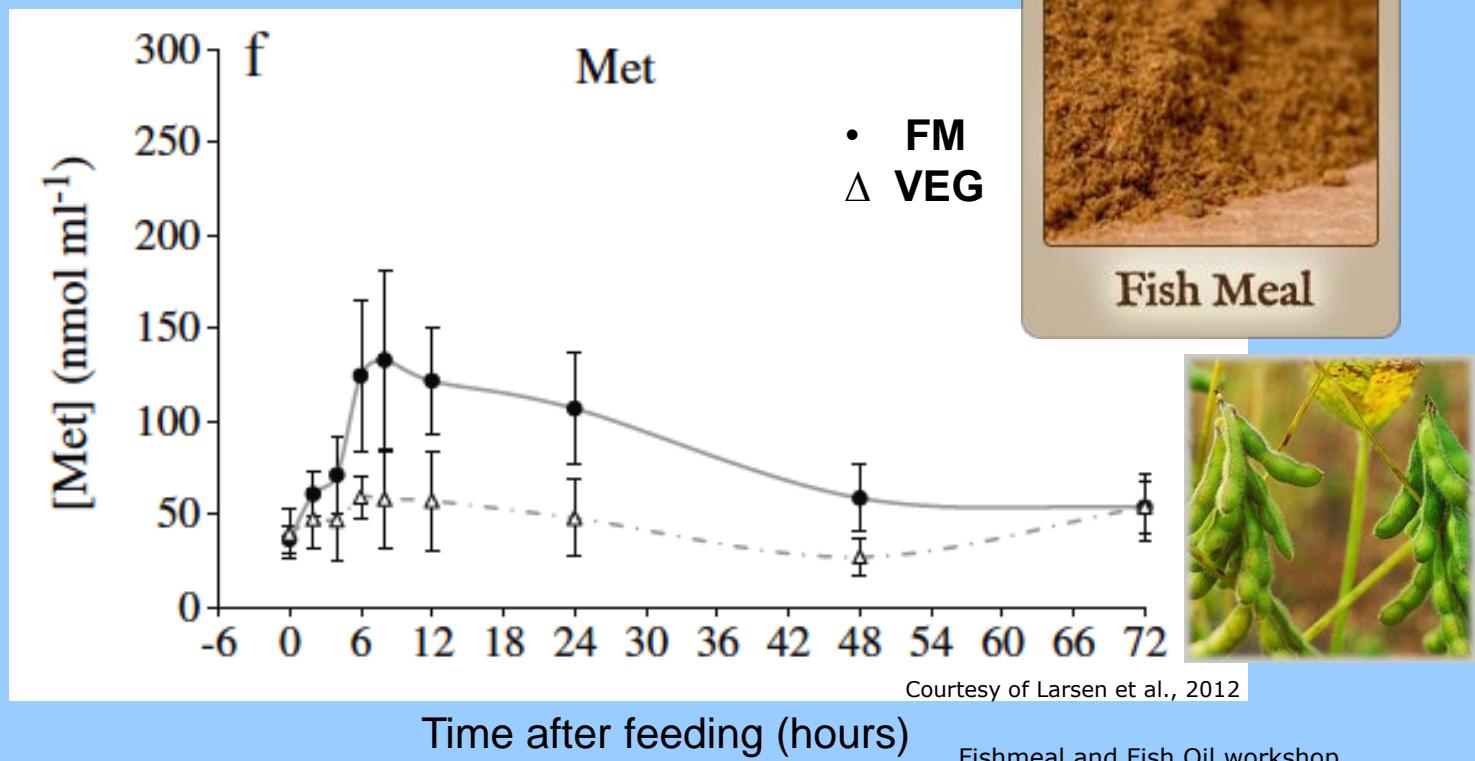
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# Sourcing of feed ingredients in organic aquaculture



→ Organic feed material of plant origin

Challenge: Differences in amino acid up-take pattern between FM and VEG based diets

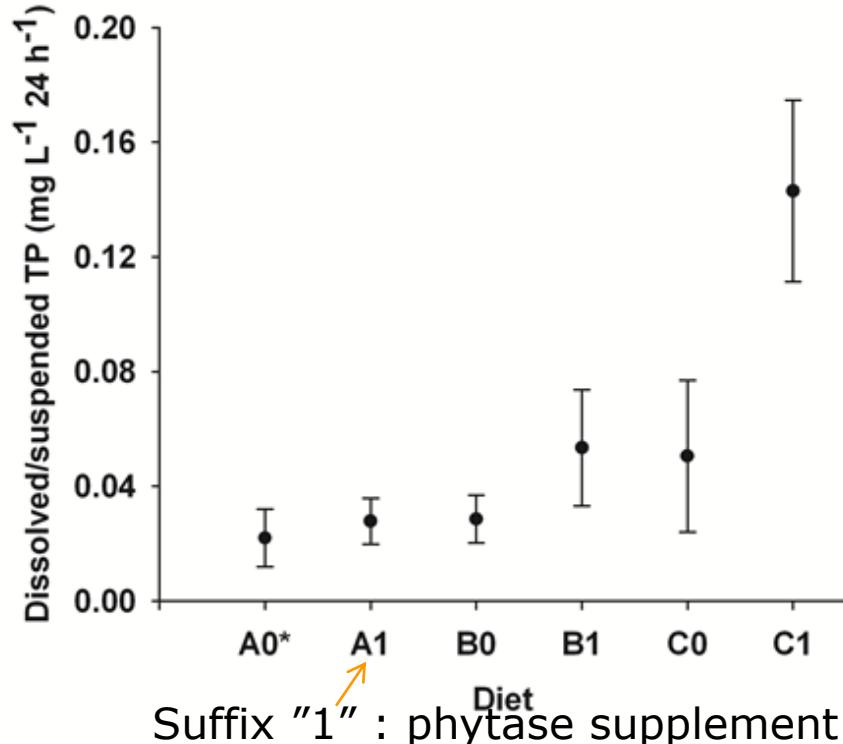


# Sourcing of feed ingredients in organic aquaculture



→ Organic feed material of plant origin

Challenge: Limited phosphorus availability in plant ingredients (*phytase not permitted in organic feed*)



Courtesy of Dalsgaard et al., 2009

A, B,C: 0.29 % phytate-P  
A: 0.89 % Total-P  
B: 0.97 % Total P  
C: 1.12 % Total P



# Fish oil replacement



- Long chain high unsaturated omega-3 fatty acids (FA) are unique in fish oil/marine phyto-/zooplankton
- Required in carnivorous fish diets, e.g. EPA and DHA
- Plant oils contain only short chain omega-3 FAs
  - Limited – if any - innate capacity in carnivorous fish for converting short chain FAs into EPA/DHA

→ Strategic use of available omega-3 resources



# Alternative feed ingredients



- **Bacteria, fungi, algae**

- Single cell organisms (AA profile ≈ FM)
- Waste may be substrate ≈ recycling nutrients
- Marine micro algae ≈ EPA, DHA etc.



- **Processed Animal Protein (PAP), blood meal**

- High protein/adequate AA content



- **Insect meals**

- High protein/adequate AA/(FA) content
- High productivity



# Perspectives and research gaps



## *Fishmeal as a source of AA and essential nutrients*

- Impact of processing methods on nutritional value of fishmeal?
- Nutritional value of «Raw fish pellet»?
- Nutritional value of solubles? – Macro-/micro nutrients – Feed/Food?
- Impact of FM on fishhealth/stress tolerance and immune defence?
- Identification of unique nutrients in FM for humans (peptides, hormones, vit. etc.)?
- *Strategic use of FM and FO (e.g. fry feed)*





Thank you

